

Controlled Input

CLASS 18

CONTROLLERS (CONTROLLED INPUT)

Problem

Let A be an input ('external'-we are not interested in its value), and Y the output of this control circuit.

We need to sometimes produce $Y = A$, and at other times produce $Y = A'$. We will use a control line called C . What is special about controllers is that we use the control line(s) as input, and not the 'external' input, which we want to control, in this case A , when setting the truth table..

Solution

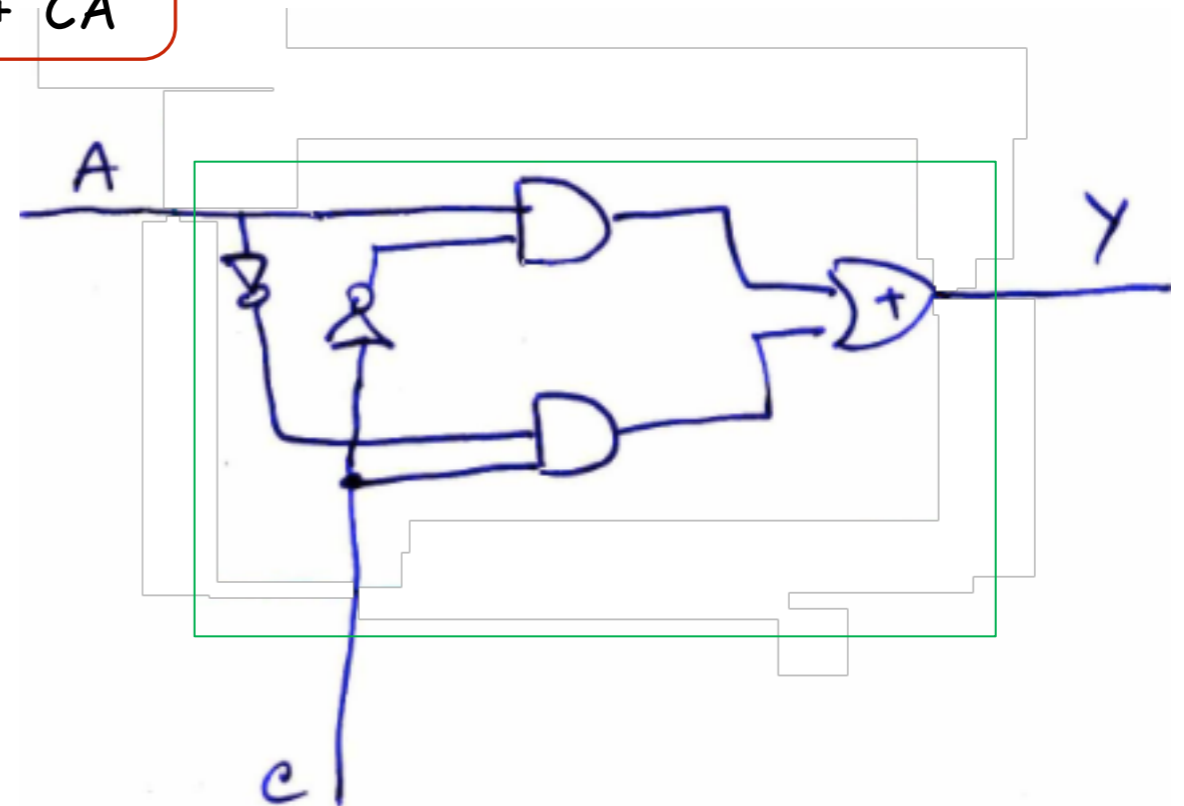
Truth table: Input = Control Line(s)

C	Y
0	A
1	A'

Expression of function:

$$Y = C'A + CA'$$

Logic diagram:



CONTROLLED INPUT (continued)

Problem

* Input (external): A

* Output Y should equal:

- * at times A
- * at other times A'
- * yet at other times 0
- * yet at other times 1

Solution

How many different outputs do we have? 4 How many controllers do we need to create the 4 different outputs? 2

Truth table:

α	β	Y
0	0	A
0	1	A'
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$Y = \alpha'\beta'A + \alpha'\beta A' + \cancel{\alpha\beta'0} + \alpha\beta$$

$$Y = \alpha'\beta'A + \alpha'\beta A' + \alpha\beta$$

CONTROLLED INPUT (continued)

MULTIPLEXER

* 4 inputs (external): $I_0, I_1, I_2, I_3,$

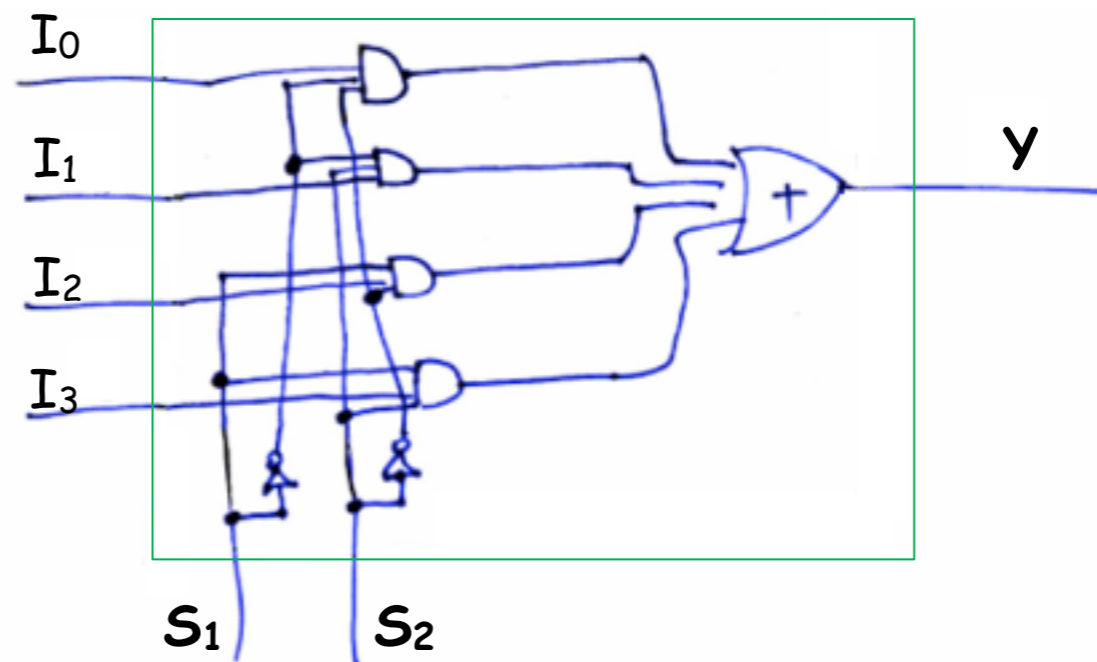
* 1 output: $Y = \begin{cases} * \text{ at times } I_0 \\ * \text{ at other times } I_1 \\ * \text{ yet at other times } I_2 \\ * \text{ yet at other times } I_3 \end{cases}$

How many controllers do we need to create the 4 different outputs? 2

Let's call them 'selectors' in this case: S_1, S_2

S_1	S_2	Y
0	0	I_0
0	1	I_1
1	0	I_2
1	1	I_3

$$Y = S'_1 S'_2 I_0 + S'_1 S_2 I_1 + S_1 S'_2 I_2 + S_1 S_2 I_3$$



CONTROLLED INPUT (continued)

DEMULTIPLEXER

* 1 input (external): **I**

* 4 outputs: Y_0, Y_1, Y_2, Y_3 , as follows:

S_1	S_2	Y_0	Y_1	Y_2	Y_3
0	0	I	0	0	0
0	1	0	I	0	0
1	0	0	0	I	0
1	1	0	0	0	I

How many controllers do we need to create the 4 different outputs for the 4 functions)? 2

$$Y_0 = S'_1 S'_2 I$$

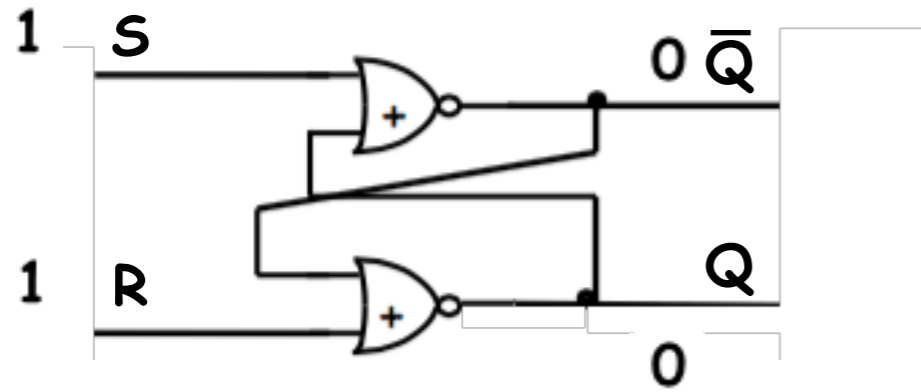
$$Y_1 = S'_1 S_2 I$$

$$Y_2 = S_1 S'_2 I$$

$$Y_3 = S_1 S_2 I$$

S-R FLIP-FLOP (set-reset)

Truth table:



S	R	Q	\bar{Q}
0	0	PS = 0 --> stays 0 PS = 1 --> stays 1	PS
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0

PS stands for Previous State

Not allowed !

Exclude the 1-1 input for S-R Flip-Flop, as we cannot have $Q = \bar{Q}$, and we want complementary outputs!

The truth table becomes:

S	R	Q
0	0	PS
0	1	0
1	0	1

HW 18 - assigned

Evaluate the following flip-flop, by giving its truth table.

